

Updated research program for 2014

Research projects are planned in four life areas. One additional methodological project complements the research program.

Politics

The Transformation of Political Economies (Trampusch, Andreß)

The preferences, strategies, and decisions of political (e.g., parties, governments) and economic actors (e.g., industrial corporations, financial stakeholders) are strongly influenced by socio-economic institutions (e.g., financial system, educational system, social services, industrial relationships, etc.). These institutions have changed a great deal in the course of the deregulation of the financial, commodities, and employment markets over the past three decades. These changes in institutional contexts are not only the result of reform politics but also of endogenetic institutional assimilation processes (Streeck/Thelen 2005; Crouch 2005; Trampusch 2005, 2009; Trampusch 2012; Busemeyer/Trampusch 2012). The causes, mechanisms, and results of these transformations will be investigated via case studies (e.g., process analysis) and/or comparative analyses (e.g., Mill's Method or QCA) on the basis of a selection of socio-economic institutions (e.g., crucial cases, deviant cases, etc.).

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) How do international and national factors influence the change of national education systems, financial market systems, etc.? (2) What mechanisms of institutional change can be identified? (3) Will established typologies of socio-economic institutions do these institutions justice and in what way should they be further developed? (4) What interdependencies exist in the change of socio-economic institutions? For instance, does a deregulated financial system lead to a change in the production and qualification strategies of businesses?

Programmatic supply strategies of political parties (Kaiser, Rohlfing)

Contrary to the predictions of the first generation of topological political theories, political parties do not react mechanically with their political tactics in response to the constantly changing preferences of the electorate. Instead, they tend to seek proactive strategies based on institutionally established operational margins (Kaiser 2006, Kaiser / Franzmann 2006). The latest research on election manifestos is based on salience theories and assumes that political parties emphasize the issues that are assumed to have the greatest voter support. The "Comparative Manifestos Project" (CMP) contains quantitative enumerations of the issues mentioned by 288 parties in 25 countries and 364 elections between 1945 and 1998 (as well as in 51 countries between 1990 and 2003) from the manifestos of different political parties (Franzmann / Kaiser 2006) (CMP data are available up to 2009). The overall question of the planned dissertation projects is: In what way are the programmatic bargaining strategies of individual parties (micro-level) dependent upon two factors: (1) the interaction with other parties and (2) institutional arrangements (macro-level)?

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) In what way do institutional arrangements such as the voting system inform the options of established parties to programmatically adapt to new societal trends in terms of the competition for votes? (2) Do federal institutions ignite more party competition with more valency issues than is the case in centralized states? (3) Can extremist parties be identified through a particularly narrow degree of emphasis on valency issues? (4) Do states with particularly high levels of satisfaction with democracy have an exceptional amount of valency issues?

Party members in democratic states (Rohlfing, Goerres)

Party members are central actors in democratic countries. They are key to intraparty democracy and play a crucial role in shaping party behavior in party competition. Notwithstanding the importance of party members, systematic research spanning multiple countries is rare. The aim of the project is to increase our knowledge about party members on the basis of rigorous empirical research. Empirical research can focus on the activities of party members, their electoral behavior or political attitudes. Data for the analysis of such topics can be derived from selected waves of the Eurobarometer and the European Social Survey and their accumulation into one dataset of sufficient party members.

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) What explains the voting behavior of party members? Are members loyal voters, or is their voting behavior getting more volatile? (2) What are the political attitudes of party members? Do they put more trust into political institutions and parties than non-members? Are party members ideologically more or less extreme than partisan supporters? Are “normal” party members in their outlook on politics different from party members in senior and youth branches of their parties? (3) What influence do country and region have on members’ attitudes of the same party family? Are, for instance, Social-democratic party members of the rich region Catalonia and Baden-Württemberg alike?

The development and proliferation of politically relevant norms in democracies (Goerres, Fetchenhauer)

Functioning democratic politics requires a few regular activities of its citizens. Among these activities is the self-evident voter turnout at political elections. Furthermore, it is necessary that taxes be paid regularly in modern democratic welfare states due to abundant government spending. It is only via these means that resources necessary for the implementation of specific services and the extensive reallocation of wealth can be gathered. In many states, social norms have been established with respect to voting and taxpaying, i.e., socially constructed rules of behavior, the non-compliance of which is sanctioned partially by the state and partially by the population. The type and intensity of this development varies among different political, cultural, and economic contexts. How do these differences come about? What do these behaviors mean at the individual level? To what extent do politically relevant norms abide by the same mechanisms? Are these norms part of a larger group of social norms that all emerge and function similarly? To what extent do sanctions or bonuses function similarly in different contexts?

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) The analysis of regional differences in the proliferation of politically relevant social norms by pooling several national surveys. (2) The modeling of context effects in vignette experiments in two or more countries. (3) The comparison of the effects of sanction mechanisms on voting norms (compulsory voting to different degrees) and on tax corruption (strength of methods of discovery) at the individual level.

Economy

Income and Living Standard in International Comparison (Fuchs, Andreß)

The research project addresses the effects of social structure and regulation (especially social security) on income and living standard from an international comparison perspective.

Recent research is concerned with the OECD countries and, within the countries, focusing on social disparities. This research project emphasizes regional disparities in the countries, and it includes also countries of the global South and further developing countries, as far as the data are available. The project uses data sets about households and individual persons

to measure social and regional disparities (household incomes, and in case of developing countries also alphabetization, life expectancy and other criteria, such as the HDI).

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) How do the principles and the coverage of pension funds, health insurance, unemployment insurance and other institutions (e.g., public housing) affect the inhabitants of different regions in selected countries in international comparison, and how has this relationship changed throughout time (share/shift in the last three decades)? (2) Especially with regard to the the global South of the world economy: How do the principles and the coverage of social insurance institutions affect different parts of the population: workers in the formal economy, self-employed in the informal sector, jobless persons, pensioners and children in different regions? (3) What are the differences between men and women? And what are the effects of institutions/regulations aiming at gender equality?

Social disparities in education and labor markets (Jacob, Fuchs)

The perspective on social structure addresses social disparities, focusing on long-term educational trajectories and employment patterns in international comparison. Individual behaviour and activities are mainly influenced by structures of the educational systems, the labor markets and their interdependencies (Jacob/Weiss 2010). The objective of the analysis is to study the effects of social change on individual life courses and contexts in selected countries of the Western world. For example, there is a horizontal and vertical differentiation in the tertiary educational systems (Jacob/Reimer 2011), with an increasing participation of females (Jacob 2011) and a profound structural change on the labor market (Kleinert und Jacob, in publication). The question is still open, how these general trends on the macro level affect individuals, and how these effects are shaped by institutional arrangements of the different countries. Further theoretical and empirical research is needed. In some countries, there are longitudinal data available offering new research opportunities with regard to the analysis of educational and employment biographies.

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) How does the increasing differentiation in the tertiary educational system influence social disparities? (2) Do women's higher educational qualifications offer the same opportunities for women and for men, when they access the labor market, and what is the influence of the educational system and the labor market on such processes? (3) In international comparison, what are the subnational-regional disparities for women on the labor market, and how strong is the influence of the subnational-regional institutional setting and the national institutional arrangement? (4) Did educational expansion – in the different countries and thus with different dynamics within the countries – change employment biographies, e.g., patterns of intra- und intergenerational job mobility?

The Impact of Culture and Economy on Values and Attitudes (Dülmer, Schlüter)

Classical works in social sciences point out the impact of economic development and cultural heritage or cultural settings on value change. Karl Marx gives priority to economy when he emphasizes that a society's technological development shapes its economic system, which in turn transforms culture and politics and in this way produces a change in individual attitudes and values. Max Weber on the other hand emphasizes the impact of culture which in his view is not only an epiphenomenon of the economic system but is an important factor that can shape economic behavior. The emergence of the Protestant Ethic facilitated the rise of capitalism, which contributed to the Industrial Revolution and the growth of democracy. The focus of this project is to disentangle the effect of culture and economy on values, for instance on materialist and postmaterialist values (Inglehart) or on values like achievement,

hedonism and other values identified by Schwartz, or on specific attitudes. Value change or the stability of values should be analyzed from the perspective of a multilevel approach.

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) What is the impact of culture and economy on different types of values (comparison of Inglehart and Schwartz)? (2) How stable are these values across time and/or space? (3) How strong are possible cohort, life cycle and period effects? (4) What is the impact of the economic crisis on value orientations? (5) And what are the consequences of value change?

Socially Responsible Economic Behavior (Rockenbach)

Many economic situations involve a tension between individually and collectively beneficial behavior. Individual optimization may demand diametrically opposed behavior from what is socially optimal. This tension is inherent in social dilemmas occurring for example as public goods provision, as well as in socially responsible consumption decisions and production processes. The research project aims at the development of mechanisms and institutional regulations that promote cooperation and socially responsible behavior. The methods used are game theoretic analyses and controlled laboratory experiments.

Dissertation projects should address questions of cooperation, socially responsible behavior or behavior in morally ambiguous situations.

Civil society

New Living Arrangements in Europe (Wagner, Andreß)

The institutionalization and the pluralization of living arrangements (Wagner 2008) proceeds very differently across countries. The aim of the research project is to analyze the historical and social conditions of the emergence and prevalence of new living arrangements. It is also interesting to investigate which social groups were the “pioneers” pushing the development of new living arrangements and which macro-structural factors cause different diffusion rates in different societies. Many cross-sectional and longitudinal comparative data sets are available to perform this project.

Dissertation projects may focus on the following research questions: (1) To what extent have new ways of life come about in international comparison? (2) What cultural and social conditions are responsible?

Partners' Employment Situation and Partnership Quality (Wagner/Hank)

Many studies prove that the employment situation of partners affect the quality of their partnership and the process of starting a family (Berninger/Weiß/Wagner 2011; Wagner/Weiß 2010; Weiß/Wagner 2010). This project wants to determine how socio-structural and cultural factors affect the strength of these so-called spill-over effects. These effects might be weaker, for example, where governments alleviate the financial risks of unemployment and precarious employment. They could be very strong in societies with a traditional division of work between men and women with the men in the difficult or distressing role as main bread-earners.

Dissertation projects may focus on the following research questions: (1) Does the employment situation of men and women influence the quality and stability of their partnerships and the start of a family? (2) Which national differences exist and how can they be explained?

A Comparative Study of Divorce Risks (Wagner, Hank)

Divorce risks are social factors that have an impact on the stability of marriages. During the last two or three decades, research has widened our knowledge about divorce risks. Especially a number of comparative studies analyzing various divorce risks in different European countries have substantially contributed to our knowledge (Kiernan 2002, Diekmann/Schmidheiny 2004, Kiernan 2004; Härkönen/Dronkers 2006, Liefbroer/Dourleijn 2006, Wagner/Weiß 2006; Diekmann/Schmidheiny 2008, Dronkers/Härkönen 2008, Matysiak et al. 2011). Cooke/Gash (2010) compare Great Britain, West Germany and the United States with respect to the consequences of wives' part-time employment for marital stability. The studies of Kiernan (2002); Diekmann/Schmidheiny (2004), Kiernan (2004), Diekmann/Schmidheiny (2008), Dronkers/Härkönen (2008), Härkönen/Dronkers (2006) and Liefbroer/Dourleijn (2008) used data from the Family and Fertility Surveys, Cooke/Gash (2010) used the British Household Panel Survey, the German Socioeconomic Panel and the US Panel Study of Income Dynamics. Matysiak et al. (2011) and Wagner/Weiß (2006) conducted a meta-analysis. It would be very innovative and promising to perform a meta-analysis, following the work of Wagner/Weiß (2006). But it is also possible to conduct secondary analyses with existing international longitudinal data sets.

Dissertation projects may focus on the following research questions: (1) To what extent do divorce risks (e.g. age at marriage, educational level, stability of parents' marriage) differ between European states and the US? (2) What are the most important contextual factors that explain the differences in divorce risks across countries? (3) Are there any "universal" social divorce risks – individual factors that have an impact on the stability of partnerships independent of the societal context?

Intergenerational relations (Hank)

Recent research has shown complex interactions between welfare states and families in supporting needy individuals at different stages of their life-course (Hank 2007, Ko & Hank 2012). Population aging, resulting from sustained low fertility and steadily increasing life expectancy, has been suggested to challenge both welfare states' and families' capacities to maintain their traditional provider roles in the future. At the same time, though, longer years of 'shared lives' between generations and 'beanpole' families seem to offer unprecedented opportunities for intergenerational exchanges, especially between grandparents and their grandchildren.

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) How does the financial crisis affect intergenerational relations within families and (how) does it affect the mix of support provided by welfare states and families? (2) Cross-cultural differences in intergenerational relations: comparing Asia, Europe, and the United States

Cross-national and life-course perspectives on health (Hank)

Social scientists have become increasingly interested in the social determinants of health and in the evolution of health inequalities across individuals' life-course (Brandt et al. 2012, Hank 2010). The availability of adequate data to properly address these issues has improved considerably, allowing us to investigate the role of early-life events and living conditions in later-life health, or to include biomarkers of health in our models, for example.

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) (How) Do different childhood living conditions before Unification affect East and West Germans' health in mid- and later-life? (2) How do health inequalities evolve over individuals' life-course and what's the role of social policy interventions therein?

The social-welfare state and life situations (Andreß, Goerres, Trampusch)

Internationally comparative research on the social-welfare state has demonstrated that, in addition to the family, the marketplace, and intermediary organizations, the welfare state is an important source for the generation of welfare. The welfare state not only protects against (old and new) risks to the course of life but can also strengthen or weaken the structures of social inequality dependent upon their institutional form. Esping-Andersen's (1990, 1999) typology of social-welfare states builds upon this triad of social-welfare production, de-commodification, and stratification. In his typology, the extent of the social-welfare state's interventions in existing social structures is a product of the balance of power of relevant social actors (Lessenich 2000), whereby the institutional arrangement influences citizens' attitudes in respect to the welfare state and leads to nationally varying attitudes towards the welfare state (Larsen 2006, 2008). The research project deals with the impact of social-welfare-state arrangements on social structure on the one hand and with the reciprocation of citizens' demands of social security and national paradigms of socio-political intervention on the other hand.

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) How does the social-security system modify inequalities in market income? What changes to the reallocating effect come to pass as a result both of adapting to problems with financing and demographics and of the shift in the division of labor between the market, organizations, and the state in a socio-political intervention? (2) Are citizens' attitudes toward the welfare state a result of social-welfare-state arrangements or is the institutional arrangement a result of welfare-states' demands upon their citizens?

Culture

Attitudes towards migrants (Schlüter, Dülmer, Andreß)

Worldwide more than 150 million people live as immigrants in host societies. It is estimated that in the future this number will continue to increase significantly. Immigration and the integration of immigrants are two phenomena that frequently cause different reactions among the members of the host society. The research interest of this project focuses on the manifestations, causes, and consequences of rejecting attitudes among members of the majority against immigrants which constitutes a core area of social science analyses on inter-ethnic relationships. Closely connected to this topic is the question of how attitudes towards migrants are influenced by interethnic contacts, the media, and policies. Relevant data should be analyzed with multilevel methods. In this way it becomes possible to systematically investigate the impact of time and space as potential determinants of differences in the attitudes and behavior of individuals.

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) What is the impact of media reports about immigration on the voting intention in favor of right-wing extremist parties across the time? (2) What individual characteristics and what structural conditions are important for interethnic partnerships as a central indicator for interethnic contacts in the host society?

Integration of Ethnic Minorities (Kroneberg, Andreß)

Due to several waves of migration, ethnic diversity has become a characteristic feature of most Western societies and the question of how much and what form of integration is desirable or feasible is a recurring topic of political and public discourse. Over the last decades, social science research has made significant progress in analyzing adaptation patterns on the core dimensions of structural integration (e.g., citizenship, educational and occupational attainment), social integration (e.g., friendship networks, marriage), cultural integration (e.g., language, religiosity) and emotional integration (e.g., identification, return motives). Still, there is much to be learned about these processes, as previous analyses have been limited

by the scarcity of powerful quantitative data sources. Combining the best available data (e.g., AddHealth, CILS4EU, ESS, NEPS) with advanced quantitative methods will allow us to confront two main challenges in integration studies: First, theoretical and empirical efforts are needed to gain a deeper understanding of the similarities and differences across countries, ethnic groups, and integration domains revealed by previous research. Second, analyses of longitudinal data will allow us to disentangle the causal interplay of structural, social, cultural and emotional aspects of integration over the life course.

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) Explaining the generally more ambitious educational choices of second-generation youth after controlling for differences in social origin and performance. (2) Explaining the different location, salience, and disputedness of social boundaries drawn by majority populations across countries. (3) Studying determinants or consequences of segregation and integration in students' social networks using analyses of complete friendship networks in schools. (4) Understanding the (societal and group) conditions under which a social and cultural attachment to ethnic communities is more beneficial in terms of educational and labor market outcomes (compared to social and cultural assimilation).

Crime and Delinquency in Comparative Perspective (Kroneberg)

The breaking of moral rules, not only but especially when defined in law, is a major concern to any society. At the same time, there is considerable cross-national variation in the overall level of crime or the levels of specific offences, as well as in the extent to which particular social groups (e.g., social classes or ethnic groups) differentially engage in criminal acts. While the field of criminology is rich in theoretical approaches and models stemming from economics, psychology, and sociology, multi-level theorizing is still in its infancy. The project attempts to answer recent calls (Messner 2012) to shed light on cross-national differences by combining macro-sociological theories (e.g., Institutional Anomie Theory, collective efficacy) with explicit theories of action (e.g., rational choice theories, Situational Action Theory, Model of Frame Selection). Employing an indirect test strategy using survey data (e.g., ESS), such analyses would derive and test specific hypotheses about the interplay of contextual and individual determinants of crime.

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) The impact of different systems of taxation on cross-national differences in tax fraud. (2) The disadvantage-crime link and immigration-crime nexus across European countries. (3) Testing institutional-anomie theory: how the dominance of the economic sphere affects overall levels of crime.

Individual and societal determinants of life satisfaction in intercultural comparison (Fetchenhauer)

Many social scientists occupy their time with the determinants of life satisfaction and well-being. A distinction can be made in this regard between personal influences (e.g., age, religiosity, family status, acquisitions, income, personality) and institutional as well as cultural influences (e.g., the political system, social-welfare-state regimes, economic development, a country's history). The research of the past decades has brought with it many new insights, but it is important to note that determinants at the individual and aggregate levels are only rarely analyzed together. As a result, an array of new doctoral projects that both theoretically and methodically/statistically bring together these different levels of analysis are to be designed. In doing so, particular attention shall be paid to criteria whose direction of influence differs between the individual and the aggregate level.

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) In most (but not all) countries, religiosity raises a person's life satisfaction, but a high average life satisfaction is often found in secularized societies (as in the Scandinavian countries). (2) A nation's gross national product has no influence on the average life satisfaction of its population beyond a specific threshold, but there is a

positive correlation between personal affluence and life satisfaction independent of a country's specific affluence.

Methods

Meaning analysis of multidimensional concepts in a factorial survey (Dülmer, Jagodzinski)

Problems of measurement equivalence and meaning equality appear in many areas of the comparative literature. Different procedures have been used in an effort to advance the development of appropriate instruments of measurement. Dissertations in this area should make use of help from quasi-experimental designs in order to determine the extent to which multi-dimensional concepts are understood differently within individual cultures. The factorial survey (vignette analysis) should be principally used in such investigations.

Exemplary dissertation projects: (1) The components of life satisfaction in individualistic and collectivist societies. (2) The components of national identity. (3) The dimensions of religiosity. (4) Values as multi-dimensional constructs.

Appendix: Publications and references

Publications by board members

Hans-Jürgen Andreß

- Andreß, H.J. / Lohmann, H., 2011. Autonomie oder Armut? Zur Sicherung gleicher Chancen materieller Wohlfahrt durch Erwerbsarbeit. WSI Mitteilungen 4/2011: 178-187
- Andreß, H.J. / Christoph, B. / Lietzmann, T., 2010. Lebensstandard und Deprivation in Ost- und Westdeutschland. S. 513-540 in: Peter Krause und Ilona Ostner (Hrsg.): Leben in Ost- und Westdeutschland. Eine sozialwissenschaftliche Bilanz der deutschen Einheit 1990-2010. Frankfurt/New York: Campus
- Andreß, H.J. / Hummelsheim, D., 2009. When marriage ends: Economic and social consequences of partnership dissolution. Cheltenham: Edward Elgar
- Frommert, D. / Hofäcker, D. / Heien, T. / Andreß, H.J., 2009. Pension systems and the challenge of population ageing: What does the public think? Pp. 139-160 in: Ricca Edmondson & Hans-Joachim von Kondratowitz (eds.): Valuing older people. A humanist approach to ageing. Bristol: Policy Press
- Andreß, H.J. / Lohmann, H., 2008. Working Poor in Europe: Employment, poverty and globalisation. Cheltenham 2008: Edward Elgar

Eldad Davidov

- Davidov, E. / Schmidt, P. / Billiet, J. (Eds.), 2011. Cross cultural analysis: Methods and applications. NY: Routledge.
- Davidov, E., 2009. Measurement equivalence of nationalism and constructive patriotism in the ISSP: 34 Countries in a comparative perspective. *Political Analysis*, 17, 64-82.
- Davidov, E. / Meuleman, B. / Billiet, J. / Schmidt, P., 2008. Values and support for immigration. A cross-country comparison. *European Sociological Review*, 24(5), 583-599.
- Davidov, E. / Schmidt, P. / Schwartz, S., 2008. Bringing values back in: The adequacy of the European Social Survey to measure values in 20 countries. *Public Opinion Quarterly*, 72(3), 420-445.
- Billiet, J. / Davidov, E., 2008. Testing the stability of an acquiescence style factor behind two interrelated substantive variables in a panel design. *Sociological Methods and Research*, 36(4), 542-562.
- Voelkle, M. / Oud, J. / Davidov, E. / Schmidt, P., in press. An SEM approach to continuous time modeling of panel data: Relating authoritarianism and anomia. *Psychological Methods*.
- Davidov, E. / Dülmer, H. / Schlüter, E. / Schmidt, P., in press. Using a multilevel structural equation modeling approach to explain cross-cultural measurement noninvariance. *Journal of Cross-Cultural Psychology*.
- Davidov, E. / Meuleman, B., in press. Explaining attitudes towards immigration policies in European countries: The role of human values. *Journal of Ethnic and Migration Studies*.
- Davidov, E. / Weick, S., 2011. Transition to homeownership among immigrant groups and natives in West-Germany, 1984-2008. *Journal of Immigrant & Refugee Studies*, 9, 393-415. DOI: 10.1080/15562948.2011.616807

Hermann Dülmer

- Davidov, Eldad, Hermann Dülmer, Elmar Schlüter, Peter Schmidt und Bart Meulemann, 2012. Using a Multilevel Structural Equation Modeling Approach to Explain Cross-Cultural Measurement Noninvariance. *Journal of Cross-Cultural Psychology* 43, 4, 558-575.

- Dülmer, Hermann, 2014. Modernization, Culture and Morality in Europe: Universalism, Contextualism or Relativism?, in: Wil Arts und Loek Halman (eds.): Value Contrasts and Consensus in Present-Day Europe. Painting Europe's Moral Landscapes. Leiden. Brill, 251-276.
- Dülmer, Hermann, 2011. A Multilevel Regression Analysis on Work Ethic, in: Eldad Davidov, Peter Schmidt und Jaak Billiet (eds.): Cross Cultural Analysis. Methods and Applications. New York. Routledge, 311-340.
- Dülmer, Hermann, 2007. Experimental Plans in Factorial Surveys: Random or Quota Design? *Sociological Methods & Research* 35, 3, 382-409.
- Dülmer, Hermann und Markus Klein, 2005. Extreme Right-Wing Voting in Germany in a Multilevel Perspective: A Rejoinder to Lubbers and Scheepers. *European Journal of Political Research* 44, 2, 243-263.

Detlef Fetchenhauer

- Fetchenhauer, D. & Goebbels, T., 2010. Lügen haben kleine Brieffaschen - ökonomische Konsequenzen und Determinanten finanzieller Ehrlichkeit im interkulturellen Vergleich. In: E.H. Witte & T. Gollan (Hrsg.) *Sozialpsychologie und Ökonomie*. Pabst: Lengerich/Berlin.
- Goebbels, T. & Fetchenhauer, D., 2011. Finanzielle Ehrlichkeit – Konsequenzen für die Gesellschaft und mögliche Determinanten im interkulturellen Vergleich. In D. Enste & F. Schneider: *Jahrbuch Schattenwirtschaft 2010/2011: Schwarzarbeit, Steuerhinterziehung und Finanzkrise*. Münster: Lit-Verlag.
- Stavrova, O., Schlösser, T., & Fetchenhauer, D., 2011. Are the unemployed equally unhappy all around the world? The role of the social norms to work and welfare state provision in 28 OECD countries. *Journal of Economic Psychology*, 32(1), 159-171.
- Stavrova, O., Fetchenhauer, D., & Schlösser, T., in press. Cohabitation, gender, and happiness: A cross-cultural study in 30 countries. *Journal of Cross-Cultural Psychology*.
- Stavrova, O., Fetchenhauer, D., & Schlösser, T., under review. Why are religious people happy? The effect of the social norm of religiosity across countries. Unpublished working paper (University of Cologne).
- Stavrova, O., Schlösser, T., & Fetchenhauer, D., 2012. Are virtuous people happy all around the World? Civic virtue, antisocial punishment and happiness across cultures. Unpublished working paper (University of Cologne).

Martina Fuchs

- Fuchs, M., 2012. Deutungsmuster als Beitrag zur wirtschaftsgeographischen Diskussion über Wissen und Institutionen. [Patterns of Interpretation as a Contribution to the Debate about Knowledge and Institutions in Economic Geography]. In: *Geographische Zeitschrift* (100)2, 65-83.
- Fuchs, M. / Fromhold-Eisebith, M. (Eds.), 2012. *Industrial Transition. New Global-Local Patterns of Production, Work, and Innovation*. Burlington: Ashgate.
- Fuchs, M. / Meyer, D., 2010. Trade Unions as Learning Organizations? The Challenge of Attracting Temporary Staff. In: Bergene, A. C., Endresen, S. B., Knutsen, H. (Eds.): *Missing Links in Labour Geographies*. Burlington, Farnham, S. 99-111.
- Fuchs, M. / Scharmanski, A., 2009. Counteracting path dependencies: 'Rational' investment decisions in the globalizing commercial property market. In: *Environment and Planning A*, Jg. 41, Nr. 11, S. 2724-2740.
- Fuchs, M., 2008. Subsidiaries of Multinational Companies: Foreign Locations Gaining Competencies? In: *Geography Compass*, Vol. 3, Nr. 2.

Achim Goerres

- Vanhuysse, Pieter / Goerres, Achim (Hrsg.), 2012. *Ageing Populations in Post-industrial Democracies: Comparative Studies of Politics and Policies*, (ECPR Studies in European Political Science) London: Routledge.
- Goerres, Achim, 2009. *The Political Participation of Older People in Europe: The Greying of our Democracies*, Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Allam, Miriam S. / Goerres, Achim, 2011. Economics, Politics or Identities? Explaining Individual Support for the Euro in New EU Member States in Central and Eastern Europe, *Europe-Asia Studies*, 63/8: 1-26.
- Goerres, Achim / Tepe, Markus, 2010. Age-based Self-Interest, Intergenerational Solidarity and the Welfare State: a Comparative Analysis of Older People's Attitudes towards Public Childcare in 12 OECD Countries, *European Journal of Political Research*, 49/6: 818-51.
- Goerres, Achim, 2010. Die soziale Norm der Wahlbeteiligung. Eine international vergleichende Analyse für Europa, *Politische Vierteljahresschrift*, 51/2: 275-296.
- Goerres, Achim, 2009. Die Einstellungen zu umverteiler Politik: die Babyboomer in Großbritannien und Westdeutschland im Vergleich, *Zeitschrift für Politikwissenschaft*, 19/2: 205-35.
- Busemeyer, Marius R. / Goerres, Achim / Weschle, Simon, 2009. Attitudes towards Redistributive Spending in an Era of Demographic Aging: The Rival Pressures from Age and Income in 14 OECD Countries, *Journal of European Social Policy*, 19/3: 195-212.
- Goerres, Achim, 2010. Being Less Active and Outnumbered? The Political Participation and Relative Pressure Potential of Young People in Europe, In: *A Young Generation Under Pressure?*, hrsg. von J. Tremmel: New York: Springer: 207-224.
- Goerres, Achim, 2011. Qu'est-ce qui pousse les personnes âgées à manifester? In: *La politique au fil de l'âge*, hrsg. von A. Muxel, Paris: SciencesPo Les Presses: 197-212.

Karsten Hank

- Brandt, M. / Deindl, C. / Hank, K. (2012), Tracing the Origins of Successful Aging: The Role of Childhood Conditions and Social Inequality in Explaining Later Life Health, *Social Science & Medicine*, 74, 1418-1425
- Börsch-Supan, A. / Brandt, M. / Hank, K., Schröder, M. (Hrsg.), 2011. *The Individual and the Welfare State – Life Histories in Europe*, Berlin / Heidelberg: Springer.
- Hank, K. (2010), Childbearing History, Later-Life Health, and Mortality in Germany, *Population Studies*, 64, 275-291
- Hank, K. (2007), Proximity and Contacts Between Older Parents and Their Children: A European Comparison, *Journal of Marriage and Family*, 69, 157-173
- Hank, K. / Erlinghagen, M., 2011. Perceptions of Job Security in Europe's Ageing Workforce, *Social Indicators Research*, 103 (3), 427-442.
- Hank, K., 2011. Societal Determinants of Productive Aging: A Multilevel Analysis Across 11 European Countries, *European Sociological Review*, 27 (4), 526-541.
- Hank, K., 2011. How "Successful" Do Older Europeans Age? Findings From SHARE, *Journal of Gerontology: Social Sciences*, 66B (2), 230-236.
- Hank, K., 2010. Childbearing History, Later-Life Health, and Mortality in Germany, *Population Studies*, 64 (3), 275-291.
- Hank, K. / Erlinghagen, M., 2010. Dynamics of Volunteering in Older Europeans, *The Gerontologist*, 50 (2), 170-178.

- Ko, P-C. / Hank, K. (2012), Grandparents caring for grandchildren in China and Korea: Findings from CHARLS and KLoSA, SOCLIFE Working Paper 12, University of Cologne
- Kohli, M. / Hank, K., Künemund, H., 2009. The Social Connectedness of Older Europeans: Patterns, Dynamics and Contexts, *Journal of European Social Policy*, 19 (4), 327-340.
- Hank, K. / Buber, I., 2009. Grandparents Caring for Their Grandchildren: Findings from the 2004 Survey of Health, Ageing and Retirement in Europe, *Journal of Family Issues*, 30 (1), 53-73.

Marita Jacob

- Jacob, Marita / Kleinert, Corinna, 2014. Marriage, Gender, and Class: The Effects of Partner Resources on Unemployment Exit in Germany. In: *Social Forces*, doi: 10.1093/sf/sot130
- Kleinert, Corinna / Jacob, Marita, 2013. Demographic changes, labor markets and their consequences on post-school-transitions in West Germany 1975-2005. In: *Research in Social Stratification and Mobility* 32, 65-83.
- Jacob, Marita / Klein, Markus, 2013. Der Einfluss der Bildungsherkunft auf den Berufseinstieg und die ersten Erwerbsjahre von Universitätsabsolventen. In: *Beiträge zur Hochschulforschung* 35 (1), 8-37.
- Jacob, Marita / Kleinert, Corinna / Kühhirt, Michael, 2013. Trends in Gender Disparities at the Transition from School to Work: Labour Market Entries of Young Men and Women between 1984 and 2005 in West Germany. In: *Journal of Vocational Education and Training* 65 (1), 48-65
- Jacob, Marita / Kleinert, Corinna, 2012. Strukturwandel und Übergangschancen in Ausbildung. Übergänge von der Schule in Berufsausbildung im Kohortenvergleich.. In: *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie, Sonderheft* 52, 211-233
- Jacob, Marita, 2011. Siblings and Social Inequality of Women in First- and Second-Tier Institutionsof Higher Education in Germany. In: *Higher Education* , 61 (3), 277-291
- Jacob, Marita / Weiss, Felix, 2011. Class Origin and Young Adults' Decision to Re-Enroll. In: *Research in Social Stratification and Mobility* 29, 415-426.
- Jacob, Marita / Reimer, David, 2011. Differentiation in higher education and its consequences for social inequality. In: *Higher Education* , 61(3), 223-227
- Jacob, Marita / Weiss, Felix, 2010. From higher education to work. Patterns of labor market entry in Germany and the US. In: *Higher Education* 60 (5), 529-542
- Jacob, Marita / Hillmert, Steffen, 2010. Selections and social selectivity on the academic track: A life-course analysis of educational attainment in Germany. *Research in Social Stratification and Mobility* 28 (1) 59-76

Wolfgang Jagodzinski

- Jagodzinski, W., 2011. Autonomy, Religiosity and National Identification as Determinants of Life Satisfaction: A Theoretical and Empirical Model and its Application to Japan. *Contemporary Japan*, 23/1: 93-127.
- Jagodzinski, W., 2010. Economic, Social, and Cultural Determinants of Life Satisfaction: Are there Differences Between Asia and Europe? *Social Indicators Research*, 97: 85-104.
- Jagodzinski, W., 2009. The Impact of Religion on Values and Behavior. *Kwansei Gakuin University. School of Sociology Journal*, 107: 19-32.
- Jagodzinski, W., 2009. On the similarity of religiosity in different cultures. Chapter 16. In: Haller, Max/Jowell, Roger/Smith, Tom: *The International Social Survey Programme, 1984-2009*.

Jagodzinski, Wolfgang/Hermann Dülmer, 2010. Welchen Einfluss hat Kultur auf Einstellungen zu Moral, Gleichheit und Demokratie in christlichen europäischen Gesellschaften und in der Türkei? (The Impact of culture on attitudes towards morality, equality, and democracy in Christian European societies and in Turkey). Pp. 231-257. In: Becker, Tilo/Jörg Hagenah/Ulrich Rosar (eds): *Komparative empirische Sozialforschung*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften.

Jagodzinski, Wolfgang/Christof Wolf, 2010. Publicly Financed Survey Data: Access and Documentation. S. 231-249. In: German Data Forum (RatSWD) (eds.): *Building on Progress. Expanding the Research Infrastructure for the Social, Economic, and Behavioral Sciences*. Vol. 1. Opladen: Budrich.

Jagodzinski, Wolfgang/Kazufumi Manabe, 2009. On the similarity of religiosity in different cultures. Chapter 16, Pp. 313-336. In: Max Haller/Roger Jowell/Tom W. Smith (eds.): *The International Social Survey Programme, 1984-2009*. New York: Routledge.

André Kaiser

Spies, Dennis / Kaiser, André, 2012. Does the Mode of Candidate Selection Affect the Representativeness of Parties?, *Party Politics*.

Biela, Jan /Hennl, Annika / Kaiser, André, 2013. Policy Making in Multilevel Systems. Federalism, Decentralisation, and Performance in the OECD Countries. Colchester.

Biela, Jan / Hennl, Annika / Kaiser, André, 2012. Combining Federalism and Decentralization. Comparative Case Studies on Regional Development Policies in Switzerland, Austria, Denmark and Ireland. *Comparative Political Studies* 45:4, pp. 447-76.

Sauermann, Jan / Kaiser, André, 2010. Self-Interest and Fairness in Majority Decision Making. *American Journal of Political Science* 45:3, pp. 667-685.

Franzmann, Simon / Kaiser, André, 2006. Locating Political Parties in Policy Space. A Reanalysis of Party Manifesto Data. *Party Politics*, 12:2, pp. 164-288.

Heiner Meulemann

Meulemann, Heiner, (ed.) 2008. *Social Capital in Europe: Similarity of Countries and Diversity of People? Multi-level analyses of the European Social Survey*. Leiden, Boston: Brill, 2008, 328 Seiten

Meulemann, Heiner, 2008. Introduction.p. 1-37 in: Meulemann, Heiner (ed.), loc cit.

Meulemann, Heiner, 2008. Is Altruism More Effective Where it is Required More? Collectivity-Oriented and Involvement in Interest, Issue and Religious Associations.p. 73-102 in: Meulemann, Heiner (ed.), loc cit.

Meulemann, Heiner, 2008. Social Capital and Empowerment at the Work Place. p. 285-311 in: Meulemann, Heiner (ed.), loc cit.

Meulemann, Heiner, 2009. Secularization or the Revival of Religion?World-Views in 22 Societies.Findings and Suggestions of a Cross-sectional Survey. p. 663-690 in: Bertelsmann Stiftung (ed.). *What the World Believes. AnalysesandCommentary on theReligion Monitor 2008*. Gütersloh: Verlag Bertelsmann Stiftung

Meulemann, Heiner, 2010. Self-Concern, Self-transcendence, and Well-Being.In: *European Sociological Review* 26: 385-399

Meulemann, Heiner, 2011. Information and Entertainment in European Mass Media Systems.Preferences for and Uses of Television and Newspapers.*European Sociological Review*27: 423-444

Meulemann, Heiner, 2012. The Two Faces of American Religious Exceptionalism: Religiosity and Dogmatism in the US and Europe in 2007. Submitted to *Social Compass*.

Ingo Rohlfing

- Rohlfing, Ingo, 2012. *Case studies and causal inference: An integrative framework* (Palgrave Macmillan Research Methods Series)
- Rohlfing, Ingo, im Erscheinen. Analyzing multilevel data with QCA: a straightforward procedure. *International Journal of Social Research Methodology*
- Rohlfing, Ingo, im Erscheinen. Varieties of process tracing and ways to answer why-questions. *European Political Science*.
- Rohlfing, Ingo, 2009. Bilateralismus und Multilateralismus in den Internationalen Beziehungen: Ein polit-ökonomischer Ansatz am Beispiel der Handelsbeziehungen. *Zeitschrift für Internationale Beziehungen* 16 (1): 75-101
- Kühn, David / Ingo Rohlfing, 2010. Causal explanation and multi-method research in the social sciences. *Working Paper 26, Political Methodology Working Paper Series of the IPSA Committee on Concepts & Methods*

Elmar Schlüter

- Schlüter, Elmar / Scheepers, Peer, 2010. The relationship between outgroup size and anti-outgroup attitudes: A theoretical synthesis and empirical test of group threat- and intergroup contact theory *Social Science Research* 39 (2010) 285–295
- Schlüter, Elmar / Davidov, Eldad, 2011. Contextual Sources of Perceived Group Threat: Negative Immigration-Related News Reports, Immigrant Group Size and their Interaction, Spain 1996–2007. *European Sociological Review*, Advance Access published July 22, 2011, DOI:10.1093/esr/jcr054
- Schlüter, Elmar, 2012. The Inter-Ethnic Friendships of Immigrants with Host-Society Members: Revisiting the Role of Ethnic Residential Segregation. *Journal of Ethnic and Migration Studies* , 38:1, 77-91

Christine Trampusch

- Trampusch, Christine / Spies, Dennis C., 2014. Agricultural Interests and the Origins of Capitalism: A Parallel Comparative History of Germany, Denmark, New Zealand, and the United States“. In: *New Political Economy*; im Erscheinen; early view: <http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1080/13563467.2013.861414#.Us1fd7R5GAc>.
- Trampusch, Christine, 2014. Why Preferences and Institutions Change: A Systematic Process Analysis of Credit Rating in Germany. In: *European Journal of Political Research*; im Erscheinen; early view: <http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/1475-6765.12034/abstract>
- Trampusch, Christine, 2013. Employers and Collectively Negotiated Occupational Pensions in Sweden, Denmark and Norway: Promoters, Vacillators and Adversaries. In: *European Journal of Industrial Relations* 19(1): 37-53.
- Busemeyer, Marius R. / Trampusch, Christine, 2013. Liberalization by Exhaustion. Transformative Change in the German Welfare State and Vocational Training System. In: *Zeitschrift für Sozialreform* 53(3): 291-311.
- Trampusch, Christine / Eichenberger, Pierre, 2012. Skills and Industrial Relations in Coordinated Market Economies - Continuing Vocational Training in Denmark, the Netherlands, Austria, and Switzerland. In: *British Journal of Industrial Relations* 50(4): 644-666.
- Steinlin, Simon / Trampusch, Christine, 2012. Institutional Shrinkage: The Deviant Case of Swiss Banking Secrecy. In: *Regulation & Governance* 6(2), 242-259.

Bussemeyer, Marius R. / Trampusch, Christine, 2012. *The Political Economy of Collective Skill Formation Systems*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Trampusch, Christine, 2009. *Der erschöpfte Sozialstaat. Transformation eines Politikfeldes*. Frankfurt am Main: Campus.

Michael Wagner

Mulder, Clara H. / Wagner, Michael, 2012. Moving after separation: The role of location-specific capital. *Housing Studies* 27, 4, (im Erscheinen).

Berninger, Ina / Weiß, Bernd / Wagner, Michael, 2011. On the links between employment, partnership quality and the intention to have a first child: The case of West Germany. *Demographic Research* 24, Article 24, 579-610.

Weiß, Bernd / Wagner, Michael, 2011. The Identification and Prevention of Publication Bias in the Social Sciences and Economics. *The Journal of Economics and Statistics (Jahrbücher für Nationalökonomie und Statistik)*, Vol. 231, 5+6, 661-684. Special Issue „Methodological Artefacts, Data Manipulation and Fraud in Economics and Social Science“, edited by Andreas Diekmann.

Mulder, Clara H. / Wagner, Michael, 2010. Union Dissolution and Mobility: Who Moves From the Family Home After Separation? *Journal of Marriage and Family* 72, 5, 1263-1273.

Wagner, Michael / Weiß, Bernd, 2010. Erwerbssituation und Partnerschaft: Deutsche und türkische Paare im Vergleich. In: Beckers, Tilo, Birkelbach, Klaus, Hagenah, Jörg und Ulrich Rosar (Hg.): *Komparative empirische Sozialforschung*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften, 169-198.

Weiß, Bernd / Wagner, Michael, 2010. Beeinflussen Konflikte die Partnerschaftsstabilität? Eine Längsschnittanalyse auf der Grundlage zweier Paarbefragungen. In: Walper, Sabine und Eva-Verena Wendt (Hg.): *Partnerschaften und die Beziehungen zu Eltern und Kindern*. Würzburg: Ergon, S. 135-152.

Wagner, Michael, 2008. Entwicklung und Vielfalt der Lebensformen. In: Schneider, Norbert F. (Hg.): *Lehrbuch Moderne Familiensoziologie. Theorien, Methoden, empirische Befunde*. Opladen & Farmington Hills: Verlag Barbara Budrich, 99-120.

Wagner, Michael / Weiß, Bernd, 2008. Stehen Konflikte einer guten Partnerschaft entgegen? Eine empirische Analyse auf Grundlage dyadischer Daten. In: Feldhaus, Michael und Johannes Huinink (Hg.): *Neuere Entwicklungen in der Beziehungs- und Familienforschung. Vorstudien zum Beziehungs- und Familienentwicklungspanel (PAIRFAM)*. Würzburg: Ergon, 187-227.

Weiß, Bernd / Wagner, Michael, 2008: Potentiale und Probleme von Meta-Analysen in der Soziologie. *Sozialer Fortschritt* 57, 10-11, 250-256.

Other references

Adcock, Robert, and David Collier, 2001. Measurement Validity: A Shared Standard for Qualitative and Quantitative Research. *American Political Science Review* 95, No. 3 (September): 529-46.

Almond, Gabriel A. / Verba, Sidney, 1963. *The Civic Culture. Political Attitudes and Democracy in Five Nations*. Princeton: Princeton University Press

AMADEUS Firm Level Data, Bureau von Dijk Electronic Publishing

Andreas, Hans-Jürgen, 2003. Die ökonomischen Risiken von Trennung und Scheidung im Ländervergleich: ein Forschungsprogramm. *Zeitschrift für Sozialreform* 49: 620-651

- Andreß, Hans-Jürgen / Borgloh, Barbara / Bröckel, Miriam / Giesselmann, Marco / Hummelsheim, Dina, 2006. The economic consequences of partnership dissolution: a comparative analysis of panel studies from five European countries. *European Sociological Review* 22: 533-560
- Anheier, Helmut K. / Salamon, Lester M., 2001. Volunteering in cross-national perspective: Initial comparisons. *Civil society Working Paper 10*. Available from the Center for Civil Society Studies at the Institute for Policy Studies at the Johns Hopkins University
- Armingeon, Klaus / Careja, R., 2004. Comparative Data Set for 28 Post-Communist Countries, 1989-2004. In: http://www.ipw.unibe.ch/content/forschungsgruppen/prof_armingeon/societal_conflicts/index_ger.html
- Armingeon, Klaus / Leimgruber, Philipp / Beyeler, Michelle / Menegale, Sarah, 2005. Comparative Political Data Set. 1960-2002. In: www.ipw.unibe.ch/mitarbeiter/ru_armingeon/CPD_Set_en.asp
- BACH. http://europa.eu.int/comm/economy_finance/indicators/bachdatabase_en.htm
- Barrett, David B. / Kurian, George T. / Johnson, Todd M. (eds.), 2001. World Christian Encyclopedia. A comparative survey of churches and religions in the modern world. Second Edition. Volume 1: The world by countries, religionists, churches, ministries. Volume 2: The world by segments; religions, peoples, languages, cities, topics. Oxford. Oxford University Press
- Becker, J. / Fuest, Clemens, 2004. A backward looking measure of the effective tax burden on investment. *Cesifo Working Paper No. 1342*, November 2004
- Best, Heinrich / Cotta, Maurizio (eds.), 2000. Parliamentary Representatives in Europe 1848-2000. Legislative Recruitment and Careers in Eleven European Countries. Oxford: Oxford University Press
- Blekesaune, Morten (2007): Economic Conditions and Public Attitudes to Welfare Policies. In: *European Sociological Review*, Vol. 23, No. 3, pp. 393-403.
- Boldt, Hans, 1990. Deutsche Verfassungsgeschichte. Band 2: Von 1896 bis zur Gegenwart. München: dtv-Taschenbuch
- Breitmeier, Helmut / Young, Oran R. / Zürn, Michael, 2006. Analyzing International Environmental Regimes. From Case Study to Database. Cambridge, MA / London: MIT Press
- Brettschneider, Frank, 1994. Die Verfassungen der EU-Staaten im Vergleich. 463-489 in *Gabriel / Brettschneider (Hg.)*, a.a.O.
- Brooks, C. / Manza, J., 2006a. Why Do Welfare States Persist? *Journal of Politics* 68(4): 816-827
- Brooks, C. / Manza, J., 2006b. Social Policy Responsiveness in Developed Democracies. *American Sociological Review* 71(3): 474-494
- Budge, Ian / Klingemann, Hans-Dieter / Volkens, Andrea / Bara, Judith / Tanenbaum, Eric (Hg.), 2001. Mapping Policy Preferences. Estimates for Parties, Electors, and Governments 1945-1998. Oxford: Oxford University Press
- Bühlmann, Marc / Freitag, Markus, 2004. Individuelle und kontextuelle Determinanten der Teilhabe an Sozialkapital. Eine Mehrebenenanalyse zu den Bedingungen des Engagements in Freiwilligenorganisationen. *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie* 56: 326-349
- Coleman, James S., 1990. Foundations of Social Theory. Cambridge, Ms.: The Belknap Press

- Curtis, James E. / Baer, Douglas E. / Grabb, Edard G., 2001. Nations of Joiners: Explaining Voluntary Association Membership in Democratic Societies. *American Sociological Review* 66: 783-805
- Datenreport 2004. Zahlen und Fakten über die Bundesrepublik Deutschland. Hg. vom Statistischen Bundesamt. Bonn: Bundeszentrale für politische Bildung
- Deininger, Klaus W. / Squire, Lyn, 2007. Measuring Income Inequality Database. In: <http://econ.worldbank.org/WBSITE/EXTERNAL/EXTDEC/EXTRESEARCH/0,,contentMDK:20699070~pagePK:64214825~piPK:64214943~theSitePK:469382,00.html>
- Delhey, Jan, 2001. Osteuropa zwischen Marx und Markt. Soziale Ungleichheit und soziales Bewusstsein nach dem Kommunismus. Hamburg: Krämer
- Denters, Bas / van der Kolk, Henk, 2008. What Determines Citizens' Normative Conception of Their Civic Duties. In: *Heiner Meulemann (ed.)*, a.a.O.
- Ditton, Hartmut, 1998. Mehrebenenanalyse. Grundlagen und Anwendungen des Hierarchisch Linearen Modells. Weinheim: Juventa
- Durkheim, Emile, 1893. De la division du travail social. Paris: Presses Universitaires de France (1960)
- Ebbinghaus, Bernhard / Visser, Jelle, 1994. Der Wandel der Arbeitsbeziehungen im westeuropäischen Vergleich. 377-429 in: *Hradil / Immerfall (Hg.)*, a.a.O.
- Ebbinghaus; Bernhard / Visser, Jelle, 2000. Trade Unions in Western Europe since 1945 (The Societies of Europe). New York / Basingstoke / Oxford: Grove's Dictionaries, Macmillan
- Erbring, Lutz / Young, Alice A., 1979. Individuals and Social Structure. Contextual Effects as Endogenous Feedback. *Sociological Methods & Research* 7: 396-430
- Erlinghagen, Marcel (2008): Self-Perceived Job Insecurity and Social Context. A Multi-Level Analysis of 17 European Countries. In: *European Sociological Review*, Vol. 24, No. 2, pp. 183-197.
- Esping-Andersen, Gösta, 1990. The Three Worlds of Welfare Capitalism. Princeton: Princeton University Press
- Esping-Andersen, Gösta, 1999. Social Foundations of Postindustrial Economies. Oxford: Oxford University Press
- Esser, Frank / Pfetsch, Barbar (Hg.), 2003. Politische Kommunikation im internationalen Vergleich. Grundlagen, Anwendungen, Perspektiven. Wiesbaden: Westdeutscher Verlag
- EU-SILC und ECHP. <http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal>
- European Audiovisual Observatory (ed.), 2005. Yearbook, Vol.V. Strasbourg: EAO
- European Commission, 2005. European Innovation Scoreboard. Comparative Analysis of Innovative Performance. www.trendchart.org
- European Social Survey. www.europeansocialsurvey.org
- EUROSTAT. New Cronos Database. Luxemburg: European Union Statistical Office
- Fahey, Tony / Smith, Emer, 2004. Do subjective indicators measure welfare? Evidence from 33 European societies. *European Societies* 33: 5-27
- Fetchenhauer, D. / Vegt, G. v.d., 2001. Honesty, trust and economic growth. A cross-cultural comparison of Western industrialized countries. *Zeitschrift für Sozialpsychologie* 32: 189-200

- Fischer-Weltalmanach (jährlich). Frankfurt: Fischer Taschenbuch Verlag
- Flora, Peter, 1983. Die Bildungsentwicklung im Prozess der Staaten- und Nationenentwicklung. 294-319 in: *Ludz, Peter Christian (Hg.)*. Soziologie und Sozialgeschichte. Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie, Sonderheft 16. Opladen: Westdeutscher Verlag
- Flora, Peter, 1988. Growth to Limits. 4 vols. New York: de Gruyter
- Flora, Peter u.a., 1983. State, Economy, and Society in Western Europe 1815 – 1975. A Data Handbook in two Volumes. Frankfurt: Campus
- Franzen, Axel; Hangartner, Dominik (2006): Social Networks and Labour Market Outcomes: The Non-Monetary Benefits of Social Capital. In: *European Sociological Review*, Vol. 22, No. 4, pp. 353-368.
- Franzmann, Simon / Kaiser, André, 2006: Locating Political Parties in Policy Space. A Reanalysis of Party Manifesto Data. *Party Politics* 12: 163-188
- Freedom House. <http://freedomhouse.org>
- Fuest, Clemens, 2004. Steuerwettbewerb, Standortverlagerungen und die Osterweiterung der Europäischen Union. *Volkswirtschaftliche Korrespondenzen der Adolf Weber-Stiftung*: 43, Nr. 09/04
- Fuest, Clemens, 2005. EuGH-Rechtsprechung zur Unternehmensbesteuerung. *Wirtschaftsdienst* 1/2005: 21-25
- Gabriel, Oscar W. / Brettschneider, Frank (Hg.), 1994. Die EU-Staaten im Vergleich. Strukturen, Prozesse, Politikinhalt, 2. Auflage. Opladen: Westdeutscher Verlag
- Gabriel, Oscar W. / Kunz, Volker / Roßteutscher, Sigrid / van Deth, Jan W., 2002. Sozialkapital und Demokratie. Zivilgesellschaftliche Ressourcen im Vergleich. Wien. WUV-Universitätsverlag
- Gabriel, Oscar W. / Walter-Rogg, Melanie, 2008. Social Capital and Political Trust. In: *Heiner Meulemann (ed.)*, a.a.O.
- Gesthuizen, Maurice; van der Meer, Tom; Scheepers, Peer (2008): Education and Dimensions of Social Capital: Do Educational Effects Differ due to Educational Expansion and Social Security Expenditure? In: *European Sociological Review*, Vol. 24, No. 5, pp. 617–632. *
- Gellner, Wieland, 1994. Massenmedien. 279-305 in: *Gabriel / Brettschneider*, a.a.O.
- Gerhards, Jürgen, 2005. Kulturelle Unterschiede in der Europäischen Union. Ein Vergleich zwischen, Mitgliedsländern, Beitrittskandidaten und der Türkei. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften
- Golden, Miriam / Lange, Peter / Wallerstein, Michael, 2002. Union Centralization among Advanced Industrial Societies. In: <http://www.shelley.polisci.ucla.edu/data>
- Grosser, Dieter, 1994. Ordnungspolitische Orientierungen und wirtschaftliche Entwicklung. 384-421 in: *Gabriel / Brettschneider (Hg.)*, a.a.O.
- Gubert, Renzo / Meulemann, Heiner (Hg.), 1997. Valori a confronto: Italia e area culturale tedesca / Werte im Vergleich: Italien und der deutsche Kulturraum. *Annali di Sociologia – Soziologisches Jahrbuch* 13
- Gwartney, James / Lawson, Robert, 2006. Economic Freedom of the World. 2006 Annual Report. Vancouver: Fraser Institute. www.freetheworld.com
- Hadjar, Andreas / Beck, Michael, 2010. Who does not participate in elections in Europe and why is this? A multilevel analysis of social mechanisms behind non-voting. *European Societies* 12: 521-542

- Halman, Loek / Pettersson, Thorleif, 2003. Religion and social capital revisited. 162-184 in: *Halman, Loke / Riis, Ole (ed.)*, Religion in Secularizing Society. The Europeans' Religion at the End of the 20th Century. Leiden / Boston: Brill
- Hartmann, Michael, 2003. Nationale oder transnationale Eliten? Europäische Eliten im Vergleich. 273-298 in: *Hradil / Imbusch (Hg.)*, a.a.O.
- Hasebrink, Uwe / Herzog, Anja, 2004. Mediennutzung im internationalen Vergleich. 136-158 in: Hans-Bredow-Institut (Hg.). Internationales Handbuch Medien. Baden-Baden: Nomos
- Hedeker, Donald / Gibbons, Robert D., 2006. Longitudinal Data Analysis. New York: Wiley
- Heidenreich, Martin, 1997. Arbeit und Management in den westeuropäischen Gesellschaften. 289-332 in: *Hradil / Immerfall (Hg.)*, a.a.O.
- Hesse, Joachim Jens / Ellwein, Thomas, 1997. Das Regierungssystem der Bundesrepublik Deutschland. Opladen: Westdeutscher Verlag
- Hoffmeyer-Zlotnik, Jürgen / Wolf, Christof (Hg.), 2003. Advances in Cross-National Comparison. A European Working Book for Demographic and Socio-Economic Variables. New York: Kluwer / Plenum
- Höpner, Martin, 2007. What is Organized Capitalism? Kapitel 2 in: *ders.: Organisierte Kapitalismus in Deutschland. Komplementarität, Politik, Niedergang. Habilitationsschrift an der Wirtschafts- und Sozialwissenschaftlichen Fakultät der Universität zu Köln*
- Hox, J. J., 2010. Multilevel analysis, techniques and applications. New York: Routledge
- Hradil, Stefan, 2004. Die Sozialstruktur Deutschlands im internationalen Vergleich. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften
- Huber, Evelyne / Ragin, Charles / Stephens, John D. / Brady, David / Beckfield, Jason, 2004. Comparative Welfare States Data Set. Northwestern University, University of North Carolina, Duke University and Indiana University, www.lisproject.org/publications/welfaredata
- IDEA – International Institute for Democracy and Electoral Assistance, 2006. Compulsory Voting. http://www.idea.int/vt/compulsory_voting.cfm
- Inglehart, Ronald / Welzel, Christian, 2005. Modernization, Cultural Change, and Democracy. The Human Development Sequence. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
- INKAR, 2011, Indikatoren und Karten zur Raum- und Stadtentwicklung in Deutschland und in Europa, Bonn/Berlin: Bundesinstitut für Bau-, Stadt- und Raumforschung
- IP International Marketing Committee (ed.), 2003. Television 2003. International Key Facts. Paris: CMI
- Jagers, Keith / Gurr, Ted Robert, 1995. Polity III: Regime Change and Political Authority, 1880-1994. Ann Arbor, Michigan: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research. Auch: www.icpsr.umich.edu
- Janoski, Thomas, 1998. Citizenship and civil society. A framework of rights and obligations in liberal, traditional, and social democratic regimes. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
- Kaiser, André, 1997. Types of Democracy. From Classical to New Institutionalism, *Journal of Theoretical Politics* 9: 419-444
- Kaiser, André, 2001. Die politische Theorie des Neo-Institutionalismus: James March und Johan Olsen. 253-282 in: *Brodacz, André / Schaal, Gary S. (Hg.)*, Politische Theorien der Gegenwart II. Eine Einführung. Opladen: Leske + Budrich

- Kaiser, André, 2006. Die politische Theorie des Neo-Institutionalismus: James March und Johan Olsen. 313-342 in: *André Brodocz and Gary S. Schaal (ed.)*, Politische Theorien der Gegenwart II. Opladen / Farmington Hills: Verlag Barbara Budrich / UTB, second revised edition
- Kaiser, André / Franzmann, Simon, 2006. New Labours Strategie auf dem politischen Issue-Markt. 208-235 in: *Sebastian Berg and André Kaiser (ed.)*, New Labour und die Modernisierung Großbritanniens. Augsburg: Wißner Verlag
- Kaufmann, Daniel / Kraay, Aart / Mastruzzi, Massimo, 2009. Governance Matters VIII: Aggregate and Individual Governance Indicators for 1996-2008. Policy Research Working Paper 4978, Washington D.C.: The World Bank
- Kimmel, Adolf, 1994. Verfassungsrechtliche Rahmenbedingungen: Grundrechte, Staatszielbestimmungen und Verfassungsstrukturen. 23-51 in: *Gabriel / Brettschneider (Hg.)*, a.a.O.
- Kittel, Bernhard, 2006. A Crazy Methodology? On the Limits of Macro-Quantitative Research. *International Sociology* 21: 647-677
- Klingemann, Hans-Dieter / Volkens, Andrea / Bara, Judith / Budge, Ian / McDonald, Michael D., 2006. Mapping Policy Preferences II. Estimates for Parties, Electors, and Governments in Eastern Europe, European Union and OECD 1990-2003. Oxford: Oxford University Press
- Klös, Hans-Peter / Weiß, Reinhold (Hg.), 2003. Bildungs-Benchmarking in Deutschland. Was macht ein effizientes Bildungssystem aus? Köln: Deutscher Instituts-Verlag
- Knoke, David / Broadbent, Jeffrey / Pappi, Franz Urban / Tsujinaka, Yutaka, 1996. Comparing Policy Networks. Labor politics in the U.S., Germany, and Japan. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
- Knudsen, Knud; Wærness, Kari (2008): National Context and Spouses' Housework in 34 Countries. In: *European Sociological Review*, Vol. 24, No. 1, pp. 97-113.
- Kohl, Jürgen, 1999. Wohlfahrtsstaatliche Regimetypen im Vergleich. 321-336 in: *Glatzer, Wolfgang / Ostner, Ilona (Hg.)*, Deutschland im Wandel. Sozialstrukturelle Analysen. Opladen: Leske + Budrich
- Kriesi, Hanspeter / Koppmans, R. / Duyvendak, J.W. / Guignis, M.G., 1995. New social movements in Western Europe: A comparative analysis. Minneapolis, MN: University of Minnesota Press
- Kunz, Volker, 2000. Determinanten der wirtschaftlichen Entwicklung im internationalen Vergleich. *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie* 52: 195-225
- Larsen, Christian Albrekt, 2006: The Institutional Logic of Welfare Attitudes: How Welfare Regimes Influence Public Support. Aldershot u.a.: Ashgate.
- Larsen, Christian Albrekt, 2008: The Institutional Logic of Welfare Attitudes. How Welfare Regimes Influence Public Support, *Comparative Political Studies* 41 (2): 145-165.
- Lane, Jan-Erik / Ersson, Swente O., 1995. Politics and Society in Western Europe. London etc.: Sage
- Lane, Jan-Erik / MacKay, David H. / Newton, Kenneth, 1997. Political Data Handbook: OECD countries. Second Edition. Oxford. Oxford University Press
- Leiufrud, Hakon / Bison, Ivano / Jensberg, Heidi, 2005. Social Class in Europe. In: www.europeansocialsurvey.org
- Lessenich, S. (2000): „Soziologische Erklärungsansätze zu Entstehung und Funktion des Sozialstaates“, in: Allmendinger/Ludwig-Mayerhofer (Hg.), *Soziologie des Sozialstaates*, Weinheim/ München. S. 201-236

- Lijphart, Arend, 1999. Patterns of Democracy. Governmental Forms and Performance in Thirty-Six Countries. New Haven / London: Yale University Press
- Loewenberg, Gerhard / Mishler, William / Sanbor, Howard, 2010. Developing attachments to new political institutions: a multi-level model of attitude formation in post-Communist Europe. *European Political Science Review* 2:3, 475-493
- Luhmann, Niklas, 1968. Soziologie des politischen Systems. *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie* 20: 705-733
- Lupia, Arthur / McCubbins, Mathew D., 1998. The Democratic Dilemma: Can Citizens Learn What They Need to Know? New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Marshall, Paul, 2000. Religious Freedom in the World: A Global Report on Freedom and Persecution. Freedom House: Center for Religious Freedom
- Martin, Nathan D.; Brady, David (2007): Workers of the Less Developed World Unite? A Multilevel Analysis of Unionization in Less Developed Countries. In: *American Sociological Review*, Vol. 72, No. 4, pp. 562-584.
- Meulemann, Heiner, 2004. Enforced Secularization – Spontaneous revival? Religious Belief, Unbelief, Uncertainty and Indifference in East and West European Countries 1991-1998. *European Sociological Review* 20: 47-62
- Meulemann, Heiner, 2005a. Religiosität: Die Persistenz eines Sonderfalls. 55-76 in: *van Deth (Hg.)*, a.a.O.
- Meulemann, Heiner, 2005b. Bildung als Wettlauf der Nationen? 131-150 in: *van Deth (Hg.)*, a.a.O.
- Meulemann, Heiner, 2005c. Gleichheit und Leistung: Eine „innere Mauer“ in Ostdeutschland“. 151-173 in: *van Deth (Hg.)*, a.a.O.
- Meulemann, Heiner (ed.), 2008. Social Capital in Europe – Similarity of countries and diversity of people? Multi-level analyses of the European Social Survey 2002. Leiden: Brill.
- Meulemann, Heiner, 2008a. Introduction. In: *Heiner Meulemann (ed.)*, a.a.O. ca. 30 Seiten
- Meulemann, Heiner, 2008b. Is Altruism More Effective Where It Is Required More? Collectivity-Oriented Involvement In Interest, Issue and Religious Associations. In: *Heiner Meulemann (ed.)*, a.a.O. ca. 25 Seiten
- Meulemann, Heiner, 2008c. Social Capital And Empowerment At The Work Place. In: *Heiner Meulemann (ed.)*, a.a.O. ca. 25 Seiten
- MISSOC. Europa.eu.int/comm/employment_social/missoc/index_en.html
- Neller, Katja, 2005. Mediennutzung und interpersonale politische Kommunikation. 339-371 in: *van Deth (Hg.)*, a.a.O.
- Neller, Katja, 2008. What Makes People Trust in Their Fellow Citizens? In: *Heiner Meulemann (ed.)*, a.a.O.
- Neumann, Lothar F. / Schaper, Klaus, 1998. Die Sozialordnung der Bundesrepublik Deutschland. Bonn: Bundeszentrale für politische Bildung
- Niessen, J. / Huddleston, T. / Citron, L., 2007. Migration Integration Policy Index. Brussels: British Council and Migration Policy Group
- Noll, Heinz Herbert, 2002. Towards a European System of Social Indicators: Theoretical Framework and System Architecture. *Social Indicators Research* 58: 47-84
- Norris, Pippa, 2006. STM~103. Global Indicators Shared Dataset v2.0. In: <http://www.pipanorris.com>

- Norris, Pippa / Inglehart, Ronald, 2004. *The sacred and the Secular*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
- Notten, Natascha; Peter, Jochen; Kraaykamp, Gerbert; Valkenburg, Patti M., 2009. Research Note: Digital Divide Across Borders—A Cross-National Study of Adolescents' Use of Digital Technologies. *European Sociological Review* 25: 551-560
- OECD, 2001. *The Well-Being of Nations. The Role of Human and Social Capital*. Paris: OECD
- OECD, 2004. *Employment Outlook*. Paris: OECD. Auch: <http://www.oecd.org>
- OECD, 2005. *Education at a Glance*. Auch: <http://www.oecd.org/document/34/>
- Pfenning, Astrid / Bahle, Thomas (ed.), 2000. *Families and Family Policies in Europe Comparative Perspectives*. Frankfurt: Lang
- Pichler, Florian / Wallace, Claire, 2009: What are the Reasons for Differences in Job Satisfaction across Europe? Individual, Compositional, and Institutional Explanations. *European Sociological Review* 25: 535-549
- PISA, Deutsches PISA-Konsortium (Hg.), 2001. *PISA 2000. Basis-Kompetenzen von Schülerinnen und Schülern im internationalen Vergleich*. Opladen: Leske + Budrich
- Przeworski, Adam / Teune, Henri, 1970. *The Logic of Comparative Social Inquiry*. New York: Wiley-Interscience
- Rae, Douglas W., 1968. A Note on the Fractionalization of Some European Party Systems. *Comparative Political Studies* 1: 413-418
- Ragin, Charles C., 1987. *The Comparative Method. Moving Beyond Qualitative and Quantitative Strategies*. Berkeley etc.: Sage
- Ragin, C. C., 2000. *Fuzzy-Set Social Science*. Chicago / London: University of Chicago Press
- Raudenbush, Stephen W. / Bryk, Anthony S., 2002. *Hierarchical Linear Models - Applications and Data Analysis Methods*. Newbury Park / London / New Delhi: Sage
- Raeymaeckers, Peter; Dewilde, Caroline, Snoeckx, Laurent; Mortelmans, Dimitri (2008): *Childcare Strategies of Divorced Mothers in Europe: A Comparative Analysis*. In: *European Sociological Review*, Vol. 24, No. 1, pp. 115-131.
- Roller, Edeltraud / Rudi, Tatjana, 2008. *Explaining Level and Equality of Participation. The Role of Social Capital, Socioeconomic Modernity, and Political Institutions*. In: *Heiner Meulemann (ed.), a.a.O.*
- Rydland, L.T. / Arnesen, S. / Østensen, A.G., 2007. *Contextual data for the European Social Survey: An overview and assessment of extant sources*. Bergen: Norwegian Social Science Data Services
- Salamon, Lester M. / Anheier, Helmut K / List, Regina / Toepler, Stefan / Sokolowski, Wojciech and associates, 1999. *Global Civil Society. Dimensions of the Nonprofit Sector*. Baltimore, Maryland: The Johns Hopkins Center for Civil Society Studies
- Salamon, Lester M. / Sokolowski, Wojciech, 2001. *Volunteering in cross-national perspective: Evidence From 24 Countries*. *Working Paper of the Johns Hopkins Comparative Nonprofit Sector Project No 40*. Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Center for Civil Society Studies

- Salamon, Lester M. / Sokolowski, Wojciech and associates, 2004. Global Civil Society. Dimensions of the Nonprofit Sector. Volume Two. Baltimore, Maryland: The Johns Hopkins Center for Civil Society Studies
- Saris, Willem E. / Veenhoven, Ruut / Scherpenzeel, Annette C. / Bunting, Brendan (ed.), 1995. A Comparative Study of Satisfaction with Life in Europe. Budapest: Eötvös University Press
- Scharpf, Fritz W., 1997. Games Real Actors Play. Actor-Centered Institutionalism in Policy Research. Boulder, Colorado: Westview Press
- Schmidt, Manfred G., 1997. Demokratietheorien. Opladen: Leske + Budrich
- Schmitt-Beck, Rüdiger, 2000. Politische Kommunikation und Wählerverhalten. Ein internationaler Vergleich. Opladen: Westdeutscher Verlag
- Schmitt-Beck, Rüdiger, 2001. Mass Communication, Personal communication and Vote Choice: The Filter Hypothesis of Media Influence in comparative Perspective. *ZUMA-Arbeitsbericht* 2001/01
- Schmitt-Beck, Rüdiger, 2008. Why Television Does Erode Social Capital and Why Newspaper Reading Does Not. In: *Heiner Meulemann (ed.)*, a.a.O.
- Schofer, Evan / Fourcade-Gourinchas, Marion, 2001. The structural Contexts of Civic Engagement: Voluntary Association Membership in Comparative Perspective. *American Sociological Review* 66: 806-828
- Schulz-Nieswandt, Frank, 2005. Daseinsvorsorge in der EU. 397-423 in *Linzbach., Chr. u.a. (Hg.)*, Die Zukunft der sozialen Dienste vor der Europäischen Herausforderung. Baden-Baden: Nomos
- Schulz-Nieswandt, Frank, 2006. Sozialpolitik und Alter. Grundriss Gerontologie, Bd. 5. Stuttgart: Kohlhammer
- Schulz-Nieswandt, Frank u. a., 2006. Care Regimes for the Elderly in South Eastern Europe in a European Comparative Perspective. 257-277 in *Laaser, U. & Radermacher, R. (Hg.)*, Financing Health Care. A Dialogue between South Eastern and Germany. Lage: Jacobs Verlag
- Scruggs, Lyle, 2004. Welfare State Entitlements Data Set: A Comparative Institutional Analysis of Eighteen Welfare States, Version 1.1. In: <http://sp.uconn.edu/~scruggs/welproj.htm>
- Skocpol, Theda/Margaret R. Somers, 1980: The Uses of Comparative History in Macrosociological Inquiry. In: *Comparative Studies in Society and History* 22, 174–197.
- Skrondal, A., Rabe-Hesketh, S., 2004. Generalized Latent Variable Modeling. Multilevel, Longitudinal, and Structural Equation Models. Boca Raton, Florida: Chapman & Hall / CRC
- Snijders, Tom / Bosker, Roel, 2012. Multilevel Analysis. An Introduction to Basic and Advanced Multilevel Modelling. Second Edition. London etc.: Sage
- Statistisches Bundesamt, 2004. Demographische Standards. Eine gemeinsame Empfehlung des Arbeitskreises deutscher Markt- und Sozialforschungsinstitute e.V. (ADM), der Arbeitsgemeinschaft Sozialwissenschaftlicher Institute e.V. (ASI) und des Statistischen Bundesamtes. In: www.destatis.de/presse/deutsch/cal.htm
- Sternberg, Rolf / Brixy, Udo / Hundt, Christian, 2006. Global Entrepreneurship Monitor GEM. Unternehmensgründungen im weltweiten Vergleich. Länderbericht Deutschland 2006. <http://www.wigeo.uni-hannover.de/gem2006.html>

- Strabac, Zan; Listhaug, Ola (2008): Anti-Muslim prejudice in Europe: A multilevel analysis of survey data from 30 countries. In: *Social Science Research*, Vol. 37, No. 1, pp. 268-286.
- Szelenyi, Ivan / Szelenyi, Szonja, 1995. Circulation or production of elites during the postcommunist transformation of Eastern Europe. *Theory and Society* 24: 615-638
- Television, 2008. *Television 2008. International Key Facts*. 15th edition. Ed. By IP International Marketing Committee (CMI). Köln: RTL Group/Transparency International, 2007.
- Global corruption Report 2007: Corruption and Judicial Systems. New York: Transparency and Cambridge University Press
- Traxler, Franz, 2002. Collective bargaining coverage and extension procedures. EIROOnline: TN0212102S (<http://www.eurofound.europa.eu/eiro/>)
- UNDP-United Nations Development Programme, 2004. *Human Development Report 2004*, New York: Oxford University Press. Auch: <http://hdr.undp.org/reports/global>
- US Department of State, 2006. *2006 Annual Report of International Religious Freedom*. In: <http://www.state.gov/g/drl/rls/irf/2006/>
- van Damme, Maike; Kalmijn, Matthijs; Uunk, Wilfred 2009: The Employment of Separated Women: The Impact of Individual and Institutional Factors. *European Sociological Review* 25: 183-197.
- van Damme, Maike / Uunk, Wilfred (forthcoming). Female-supportive policies and women's employment after divorce. In: *Andreß, Hans-Jürgen / Hummelsheim, Dina (ed.)*, Economic and social consequences of partnership dissolution. European countries in comparison. Amsterdam: Kluwer
- van der Meer, Tom / Scheepers, Peer / te Grotenhuis, Manfred, 2008. Does the State Affect Informal Connections between its Citizens? New Institutional Explanations of Social Participation in Everyday Life. In: *Heiner Meulemann (ed.)*, a.a.O.
- van de Vijver, Fons J.R., 2007. Methodologische und methodische Probleme des Kulturvergleichs. 337-382 in: *Trommsdorff, Gisela / Kornadt, Hans-Joachim (Hg.)*, Enzyklopädie der Psychologie. Band 1: Theorien und Methoden der kulturvergleichenden Psychologie. Göttingen u.a.: Hogrefe
- van Deth, Jan W. (Hg.), 2005. *Deutschland in Europa. Ergebnisse des European Social Survey 2002-2003*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften
- van Deth, Jan W., 2008. Social Capital and Political Involvement. In: *Heiner Meulemann (ed.)*, a.a.O.
- van Deth, Jan W. / Elff, Martin, 2004. Politicisation, Economic Development, and Political Interest in Europe. *European Journal of Political Research* 43: 477-508
- Van Gyes, G. / Vandebande, T. / Lehndorff, S. / Schilling, G. / Schief, S. / Kohl, H., 2007. *Industrial relations in the EU Member States 2000-2004*. Dublin: European Foundation for the Improvement of Living and Working Conditions
- Verbeke, G., & Molenberghs, G., 2000. *Linear mixed models for longitudinal data*. New York: Springer
- Voicu, Mălina; Voicu, Bogdan; Strapcova, Katarina (2008): Housework and Gender Inequality in European Countries. In: *European Sociological Review Advance Access published online on September 21, 2008*.

- Visser, Jelle, 2004. Patterns and variations in European industrial relation. In: European Commission: Industrial relations in Europe 2004. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the EC: 11-57
- Wagner, Michael, 1997. Scheidung in Ost- und Westdeutschland. Zum Verhältnis von Ehestabilität und Sozialstruktur seit den 30er Jahren. Frankfurt a.M.: Campus
- Wagner, Michael / Weiß, Bernd, 2003. Bilanz der deutschen Scheidungsforschung. Versuch einer Meta-Analyse. *Zeitschrift für Soziologie* 32: 29-49
- Wagner, Michael / Weiß, Bernd, 2006. On the Variation of divorce risks in Europe: Findings from a meta-analysis of European longitudinal studies. *European Sociological Review* 22: 483-500
- Weber, Axel / Leienbach, V. / Dohle, A., 1991. Soziale Sicherung in Europa. Die Sozialversicherung in den Mitgliedsstaaten der EU. Baden-Baden: Nomos
- Weber, Max, 1964. Wirtschaft und Gesellschaft. Studienausgabe hg. von Johannes Winkelmann. Köln: Kiepenheuer & Witsch
- Welzel, Christian / Inglehart, Ronald / Klingemann, Hans-Dieter, 2003. The Theory of Human Development: A Cross-cultural Analysis. *European Journal of Political Research* 42: 341-379
- WIDER, 2007. World Income Inequality Database V2.0b. www.wider.unu.edu
- Windolf, Paul, 2003. Sind Manager Unternehmer? Deutsche und britische Manager im Vergleich. 299-336 in: *Hradil / Imbusch (Hg.)*, a.a.O.
- World Bank. www.worldbank.org/data
- World Health Organization, 2005 Mental Health Atlas
<http://apps.who.int/globalatlas/DataQuery/default.asp>